M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION,NOVEMBER 2018 I Year I Semester Core Major -II REAL ANALYSIS

Time : 3 Hours

Max.marks:75

Section A $(10 \times 2 = 20)$ Marks

Answer any **TEN** questions

- 1. Define Lebesque outer measure for subsets of real numbers.
- 2. Define σ algebra.
- 3. State Fatou's Lemma.
- 4. State Lebesque's Monotone Convergence theorem.
- 5. Define Uniform Convergence.
- 6. State Weierstrass M-test.
- 7. Define Contraction mapping of a Metric space.
- 8. State inverse function theorem.
- 9. Define orthogonal system of function.
- 10. State Stirling's formula.
- 11. Show that if F is measurable and $\mathbf{m}^*(\mathbf{F} \triangle \mathbf{G}) = \mathbf{0}$, then G is measurable
- 12. Let **f** and **g** be integrable functions then prove that $\mathbf{a}f$ is integrable, and $\int \mathbf{a}f \mathbf{d}x = \mathbf{a} \int \mathbf{f}dx$.

Section B $(5 \times 5 = 25)$ Marks

Answer any **FIVE** questions

13. Prove that every interval is measurable.

14. Show that if
$$\alpha > 1$$
, $\int_0^1 \frac{x \sin x}{1 + (nx)^{\alpha}} dx = 0(n^{-1})$ as $n \to \infty$.

- 15. State and prove theorem on Cauchy condition for uniform convergence of sequences.
- 16. Suppose f maps a convex open set $\mathbf{E} \subset \mathbf{R}^{n}$ into \mathbf{R}^{m} , f is differentiable in E, and there is a real number M such that $\|\mathbf{f}'(\mathbf{x})\| \leq \mathbf{M}$ for every $\mathbf{x} \in \mathbf{E}$. Then Prove that $|\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{b}) \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{a})| \leq \mathbf{M} |\mathbf{b} \mathbf{a}|$ for all $\mathbf{a} \in \mathbf{E}, \mathbf{b} \in \mathbf{E}$.

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17. Suppose
$$\sum c_n$$
 converges, let $f(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} c_n x^n$ $(-1 < x < 1)$ then Prove that $\lim_{x \to 1} f(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} c_n x^n$

18. State and prove Lebesque's Dominated Convergence theorem.

19. Prove that not every measurable set is a Borel set.

Section C $(3 \times 10 = 30)$ Marks

Answer any THREE questions

- 20. (a) Let $\{E_i\}$ be a sequence of measurable sets . Then Prove that
 - i. If $\mathbf{E_1} \subseteq \mathbf{E_2} \subseteq \ldots$, we have $\mathbf{m}(\mathbf{E_i}) = \lim \mathbf{m}(\mathbf{E_i})$
 - ii. If $\mathbf{E_1} \supseteq \mathbf{E_2} \supseteq \ldots$, and $\mathbf{m}(\mathbf{E_i}) < \infty$ for each i, then we have $\mathbf{m}(\lim E_i) = \lim \mathbf{m}(\mathbf{E_i})$

(b) For any sequence of sets
$$\{E_i\}$$
, Show that $m^*\left(\bigcup_{i=1}^\infty E_i\right) \leq \sum_{i=1}^\infty m^*\left(E_i\right)$.

- 21. If **f** is Riemann integrable and bounded over the finite interval [a,b] then Prove that **f** is integrable and R $\int_{a}^{b} \mathbf{f} dx = \int_{a}^{b} \mathbf{f} dx$
- 22. State and prove the Stone Weierstrass theorem.
- 23. State and prove the Implicit function theorem.
- 24. State and prove Bessel's inequality.

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