

**B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2018**  
**I Year I Semester**  
**Allied Paper -I**  
**ALLIED MATHEMATICS -I**

**Time : 3 Hours****Max.marks :75****Section A** ( $10 \times 2 = 20$ ) MarksAnswer any **TEN** questions

1. Prove that  $\frac{e^2 + 1}{e^2 - 1} = \frac{1 + \frac{1}{2!} + \frac{1}{4!} + \dots}{1 + \frac{1}{3!} + \frac{1}{5!} + \dots}$ .
2. Show that  $\left(\frac{2n}{n^2 + 1}\right) + \frac{1}{3}\left(\frac{2n}{n^2 + 1}\right)^3 + \frac{1}{5}\left(\frac{2n}{n^2 + 1}\right)^5 + \dots = \log_e\left(\frac{n+1}{n-1}\right)$ .
3. If  $y = \cos(ax + b)$ , find  $y_n$ .
4. State Leibnitz formula for finding  $D^n(uv)$ .
5. Find  $\frac{du}{dt}$ , where  $u = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$ ,  $x = e^t$ ,  $y = e^t \sin t$ ,  $z = e^t \cos t$
6. Find the minimum value of  $x^2 + y^2 + 6x + 12$ .
7. Write the expansion of  $\sin n\theta$  in powers of  $\sin \theta$  and  $\cos \theta$ .
8. Prove that  $8 \cos^4 \theta = \cos 4\theta + 4 \cos 2\theta + 6$ .
9. Find the reduction formula for  $\int x^n e^{ax} dx$ .
10. Evaluate  $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^7 x dx$ .
11. Write the expansion of (i)  $(1 - x)^{-\frac{p}{q}}$  (ii)  $\log(1 + x)$ ,  $|x| < 1$ .
12. If  $x = r \cos \theta$ ,  $y = r \sin \theta$ , find  $\frac{\partial(x, y)}{\partial(r, \theta)}$ .

**Section B** ( $5 \times 5 = 25$ ) MarksAnswer any **FIVE** questions

13. Find the sum of the series  $1 + \frac{3}{4} + \frac{3 \cdot 5}{4 \cdot 8} + \frac{3 \cdot 5 \cdot 7}{4 \cdot 8 \cdot 12} + \dots$
14. Find the  $n^{th}$  derivative of  $\frac{1}{(2x-1)(2x-3)(2x-5)}$ .
15. If  $x = \rho \sin \phi \cos \theta$ ,  $y = \rho \sin \phi \sin \theta$ ,  $z = \rho \cos \phi$  find  $\frac{\partial(x, y, z)}{\partial(\rho, \theta, \phi)}$ .

16. Prove that  $\frac{\sin 6\theta}{\sin \theta} = 32 \cos^5 \theta - 32 \cos^3 \theta + 6 \cos \theta$ .
17. Find the reduction formula for  $\int x^m (\log x)^n dx$ .
18. Sum to infinity the series  $1 + \frac{1+2}{2!} + \frac{1+2+2^2}{3!} + \dots$
19. Find the maximum and minimum values of the function  $f = x^2 + y^2 + \frac{2}{x} + \frac{2}{y}$ .

**Section C** ( $3 \times 10 = 30$ ) Marks

Answer any **THREE** questions

20. a.) Show that  $\frac{1}{1.2} + \frac{1}{3.4} + \frac{1}{5.6} + \dots \dots \infty = \log 2$ .  
 b.) Show that  $\log_3 e - \log_9 e + \log_{27} e \dots \dots \infty = \frac{\log 2}{\log 3}$ .
21. Find  $n^{th}$  derivative of  $\sin^4 x \cos^3 x$ .
22. Find the maximum and minimum values of the function  $f(x, y) = x^2 y^2 (6 - x - y)$ .
23. Prove that  $-64 \sin^7 \theta = \sin 7\theta - 7 \sin 5\theta + 21 \sin 3\theta - 35 \sin \theta$ .
24. If  $I_{m,n} = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos^m x \cos^n x dx$ , prove that  $I_{m,n} = \frac{m}{m+1} I_{m-1,n-1}$ , Hence prove that  $I_{m,m} = \frac{1}{2^{m+1}}$ .

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