# B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION,NOVEMBER 2018 I Year II Semester Allied Paper -II ALLIED MATHEMATICS -II

## Time : 3 Hours

Max.marks:75

Section A  $(10 \times 2 = 20)$  Marks

### Answer any **TEN** questions

- 1. Define characteristic function.
- 2. Justify : Set of all integers (Z) is countable.
- 3. Justify : A divergent sequence may have convergent subsequence.
- 4. Justify : Every bounded sequence is convergent.
- 5. If  $f:A\to R$  , has a derivative at a point  $c\in R$  , then prove that f is continuous at 'c'
- 6. State law of the mean.
- 7. Find  $L(\sin^2 t)$
- 8. State first shifting theorem of Laplace transformation.

9. Find 
$$L^{-1}\left(\frac{s-3}{(s-3)^2+4}\right)$$
  
10. Find  $L^{-1}\left(\frac{s}{(s+2)^2}\right)$ 

- 11. Give an example of a countable bounded subset A of R whose GLB and LUB are both in R-A.
- 12. Define limit of a sequence.

### Section B $(5 \times 5 = 25)$ Marks

### Answer any **FIVE** questions

13. If  $f: A \to B$  and if  $X, Y \subset B$  then prove that  $f^{-1}(X \cup Y) = f^{-1}(X) \cup f^{-1}(Y)$ 

14. If  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$  is convergent series, then prove that  $\lim_{n \to \infty} a_n = 0$ , Hence, deduce that  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(1-n)}{1+2n}$  is divergent.

#### 16USTAT2MA2

- 15. State and prove Rolle's theorem.
- 16. Find.  $L\left[\int_{0}^{t} \frac{e^{-t} \sin t}{t} dt\right]$ 17. Find  $L^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{s(s+1)(s+2)}\right)$ 18. Prove that the set  $[0,1] = \{x/0 \le x \le 1\}$  is uncountable. 19. Prove that the series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{n}\right)$  is divergent.

Section C  $(3 \times 10 = 30)$  Marks

### Answer any THREE questions

- 20. Prove that countable union of countable set is countable. Hence, deduce that set of all rational number is countable.
- 21. Prove that a monotonically increasing sequence which is bounded above is convergent.
- 22. State and prove Taylor's formula with integral form of the remainder.
- 23. Find

a). 
$$L(t.e^{-t}\sin t)$$
  
b).  $L(\frac{e^{-3t} - e^{-4t}}{t})$ 

24. Find

a). 
$$L^{-1} \left[ \log \left( \frac{1+s}{s^2} \right) \right]$$
  
b).  $L^{-1} \left[ \tan^{-1}(s+1) \right]$ 

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