B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2019 III Year VI Semester Microprocessor Interfacing and Applications

Time : 3 Hours

Max.marks:75

Section A $(10 \times 2 = 20)$ Marks

Answer any **TEN** questions

- 1. What is meant by timing diagram?
- 2. Define T state.
- 3. Define interfacing.
- 4. Why interfacing is needed for I/O devices?
- 5. What is a port?
- 6. If an input and output port can have the same 8-bit address how does the 8085 differentiate between the ports?
- 7. Define maskable interrupts.
- 8. List the software interrupts.
- 9. What is a programmable peripheral device?
- 10. What is microcontroller?
- 11. What is to be remembered while interfacing LED?
- 12. What is an instruction?

Section B $(5 \times 5 = 25)$ Marks

Answer any **FIVE** questions

- 13. What is meant by opcode fetch cycle? What do $IO/\overline{M'}$, S₀ and S₁ indicate?
- 14. How many types of interfacing are there? Define any one of them.
- 15. Write short notes on I/O mapped method of designing I/O port.
- 16. What is RIM instruction and what does it do? How many hardware interrupts are there? What are they?
- 17. Draw the block diagram of PPI 8255 indicating different ports.
- 18. Draw and explain the timing diagram for MOV B,A instruction.
- 19. Do the interrupts of 8085 have priority? Specify them. Write down the level triggering interrupts.

Section C $(3 \times 10 = 30)$ Marks

Answer any **THREE** questions

- 20. Define instruction and machine cycles. How many types of machine cycles are available in 8085 microprocessor? What are they?
- 21. Compare ROM and RAM.
- 22. Draw and explain the timing diagram for IN instruction.
- 23. Show the SIM instruction format and discuss the same.
- 24. Write down the differences between microcontroller and microprocessor.

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