

M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2019
I Year I Semester
ALGEBRA

Time : 3 Hours

Max.marks :75

Section A ($10 \times 2 = 20$) Marks

Answer any **TEN** questions

1. If $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ $\sigma = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 4 & 2 & 5 & 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ and $\tau = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 3 & 5 & 4 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$, Find $\sigma\tau$ and $\sigma\tau$.
2. If $\phi : G \rightarrow G'$ is a group homomorphism of G onto G' and G is abelian, Prove that G' is abelian.
3. Define skew field.
4. Define integral domain and give an example.
5. Define linear transformation.
6. When is a square matrix said to be diagonalizable.
7. Define H -unitary linear transformation.
8. Define orthonormal vectors.
9. Define extension field of a field and give an example.
10. Define primitive root of unity.
11. Prove that every subgroup of an abelian group is normal.
12. Define characteristic of a ring and give an example.

Section B ($5 \times 5 = 25$) Marks

Answer any **FIVE** questions

13. State and prove the Theorem of Lagrange.
14. Prove that every field is an integral domain and every finite integral domain is a field.
15. Find the eigen values and eigen vectors of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 8 & -6 & 2 \\ -6 & 7 & -4 \\ 2 & -4 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$.
16. Prove that every finite-dimensional Euclidean vector space has an orthonormal basis.
17. If F is a finite field of characteristic p with algebraic closure \overline{F} , Prove that $x^{p^n} - x$ has p^n distinct zeros in \overline{F} .

18. If H is a subgroup of a group G , Prove that left coset multiplication is well defined by the equation $(aH)(bH) = (ab)H$ if and only if left and right cosets coincide so that $aH = Ha$ for all $a \in G$.
19. If E is a finite extension field of a field F and K is a finite extension field of E , Prove that K is a finite extension of F and $[K : F] = [K : E][E : F]$.

Section C ($3 \times 10 = 30$) Marks

Answer any **THREE** questions

20. State and prove Cayley's Theorem.
21. Define V/W and prove that it is a vector space.
22. Verify Cayley Hamilton theorem for the matrix $A = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -1 & 4 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$, hence find its inverse.
23. If F is a field of quotients of D and L is any field containing D , Prove that there exists a map $\psi : F \rightarrow L$ that gives an isomorphism of F with a subfield of L such that $\psi(a) = a$ for $a \in D$.
24. Prove that every field F has an algebraic closure \overline{F} .

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