M.Sc DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2019 II Year IV Semester Functional Analysis

Time : 3 Hours

Max.marks:75

Section A $(10 \times 2 = 20)$ Marks

Answer any **TEN** questions

- 1. Define a Banach space and give an example.
- 2. Define a closed unit sphere in R^2 and show that it is convex.
- 3. Define a Hilbert space.
- 4. Define a complete orthonormal set.
- 5. If H is a Hilbert space, prove that if $T \in B(H)$, then $(T^*)^* = T$.
- 6. Define a normal operator in a Hilbert space H.
- 7. Show that multiplication is jointly continuous in any Banach algebra.
- 8. If A is a Banach algebra, define the radical, maximal left ideal in A.
- 9. Define Gelfand mapping.
- 10. Define a Banach algebra.
- 11. When do we say that two normed linear spaces are isometrically isomorphic?
- 12. Show that parallelogram law holds in a Hilbert space.

Section B $(5 \times 5 = 25)$ Marks

Answer any **FIVE** questions

- 13. If N is a normed linear space and x_0 is a non-zero vector in N.then prove that there exists a functional f_0 in N^{*} such that $f_0(x_0) = ||x_0||$ and $||f_0|| = 1$.
- 14. If M and N are closed linear subspaces of a Hilbert space H, such that $M \perp N$, then show that the linear subspace M + N is also closed.
- 15. If T is an operator on a Hilbert space H such that T(x,x)=0 for $\forall x \in H$, then prove that T =0.
- 16. Let A be a Banach Algebra. Let S be the set of singularities of A and Z be the set of all topological divisors of zero. Then prove that boundary of S is a subset of Z.
- 17. If x is a normal element in a B^{*} algebra, then prove that $||x^2|| = ||x||^2$.
- 18. If 0 is the only topological divisor of zero in A, then show that A = C.

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19. If N₁ and N₂ are normal operators on a Hilbert space H with the property that either commute with the adjoint of the others,then prove that N₁ + N₂ and N₁N₂ are normal.

Section C $(3 \times 10 = 30)$ Marks

Answer any **THREE** questions

- 20. State and prove Hahn- Banach theorem.
- 21. State and prove open mapping theorem.
- 22. If H is a Hilbert space and f is an arbitrary functional in H^{*}, show that there exists a unique vector y in H such that f(x) = (x, y) for every x in H.
- 23. With usual notations prove that $r(x) = \lim ||x^n||^{1/n}$.
- 24. State and prove that Gelfand-Neumark theorem.

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