

**B.Sc DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2019**  
**II Year IV Semester**  
**Allied Mathematics-II**

**Time : 3 Hours**

**Max.marks :75**

**Section A** ( $10 \times 2 = 20$ ) Marks

Answer any **TEN** questions

1. Define Fourier Coefficients.
2. Find the constant  $a_0$  of the Fourier series for the function  $f(x) = x^2$  in  $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$ .
3. Define complete integrals.
4. Eliminate the arbitrary function  $f$  from  $f(xy + z^2, x + y + z) = 0$ .
5. Define Laplace transform.
6. Solve Laplace transform of  $f(x) = 1$ .
7. Write any two properties of inverse Laplace transform.
8. Find the inverse Laplace transform of  $\frac{s}{(s^2 + 16)}$ .
9. Define Gradient of a scalar point function.
10. Find the unit normal vector to the surfaces  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$  at the point  $(1, 1, 1)$ .
11. If  $\vec{r} = x\vec{i} + y\vec{j} + z\vec{k}$ , Show that  $\nabla \cdot \vec{r} = 3$ .
12. State and prove the first shifting theorem on Laplace transform.

**Section B** ( $5 \times 5 = 25$ ) Marks

Answer any **FIVE** questions

13. Find the Fourier series for  $f(x)$  in  $(-\pi, \pi)$  if  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & -\pi < x < 0, \\ \pi, & 0 < x < \pi, \end{cases}$
14. Solve the equation  $p^2 + q^2 = x + y$
15. Evaluate  $L[e^{2t} \sin^3 t]$ .
16. Evaluate  $L^{-1} \left[ \frac{1}{(s+1)(s+2)} \right]$ .
17. If  $f(r) = r^n$ , then prove that  $\nabla r^n = n r^{n-2} \vec{r}$  where  $\vec{r}$  is the position vector.
18. Find the Fourier series for  $f(x) = x$  in the interval  $(0, 2\pi)$ .

19. Form the Partial differential equation by eliminating the arbitrary function  $f$  from  $z=f\left(\frac{xy}{z}\right)$ .

**Section C** ( $3 \times 10 = 30$ ) Marks

Answer any **THREE** questions

20. Find the Fourier series for the function  $f(x) = |x|$  in  $-\pi \leq x \leq \pi$ . Deduce that  $\frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{5^2} + \frac{1}{7^2} + \dots = \frac{\pi^2}{8}$
21. Solve  $x(y-z)p + y(z-x)q = z(x-y)$
22. Evaluate  $L \left[ \frac{e^t - e^{2t}}{t} \right]$
23. Evaluate  $L^{-1} \left[ \frac{s+2}{(s^2+4s+5)^2} \right]$
24. Verify Green's theorem for  $\int_C (x^2 + y^2) dx - 2xy dy$  where  $C$  is the rectangle in the  $xy$  plane bounded by  $y = 0, y = b, x = 0, x = a$ .

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