B.Sc DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2019 II Year III Semester Three Dimensional Geometry

Time : 3 Hours

Max.marks :75

Section A $(10 \times 2 = 20)$ Marks

Answer any **TEN** questions

- 1. Find the angle between the planes 2x y + z = 6, x + y + 2z = 3.
- 2. Find the distance between the parallel planes 2x 2y z + 3 = 0 and 4x 4y + 2z + 5 = 0.
- 3. Find the point where the line $\frac{x-2}{2} = \frac{y-4}{-3} = \frac{z+6}{4}$ meets the plane 2x + 4y z 2 = 0.
- 4. Write the equation of a straight line passing through two given points?
- 5. Find the co-ordinates of the centre and radius of the sphere $2x^2 + 2y^2 + 2z^2 2x + 4y + 2z 15 = 0$
- 6. Define great circle?
- 7. Write the condition that the cone has three mutually perpendicular generators.
- 8. Show that the equation of a right circular cone whose vertex is O, axis OZ and Semi-vertical angle α is $x^2 + y^2 = z^2 tan^2 \alpha$
- 9. Write the definition of right circular cylinder.
- 10. Define axis of the cylinder?
- 11. Write the equation of a sphere passing through a given circle?
- 12. Define length of perpendicular from origin to the plane?

Section B $(5 \times 5 = 25)$ Marks

Answer any **FIVE** questions

- 13. Find the equation of the plane through the line of intersection of the planes x + y + z = 1, 2x + 3y + 4z 7 = 0 and perpendicular to the plane x 5y + 3z = 5.
- 14. Find the perpendicular distance from P(3, 9, -1) to the line $\frac{x+8}{-8} = \frac{y-31}{1} = \frac{z-13}{4}$.
- 15. Find the equation of the sphere having the circle $x^2+y^2+z^2-2x+4y-6z+7=0$, 2x-y+2z=5 for a great circle.

17UMACT3A06 UMA/CT/3A06

- 16. Write the intersection of a straight line and a quadric cone in detail.
- 17. Find the equation of the cylinder whose generators are parallel to the z axis and the guiding curve is $ax^2 + by^2 = cz$, lx + my + nz = p.
- 18. Find the equation of the plane passing through the points (2, -5, -3), (-2, -3, 5) and (5, 3, -3).
- 19. Find the equations of the image of the line $\frac{x-1}{2} = \frac{y+2}{-5} = \frac{z-3}{2}$ in the plane 2x 3y + 2z + 3 = 0.

Section C $(3 \times 10 = 30)$ Marks

Answer any **THREE** questions

- 20. Show that the origin lies in the acute angle between the planes x + 2y + 2z = 0, 4x 3y + 12z + 13 = 0. Find the planes bisecting the angles between them and point out which bisects the obtuse angle.
- 21. Prove that the lines $\frac{x+1}{-3} = \frac{y+10}{8} = \frac{z-1}{2}$; $\frac{x+3}{-4} = \frac{y+1}{7}$, $\frac{z-4}{1}$ are coplanar. Find also their point of intersection and the plane through them.
- 22. A sphere of constant radius k passes through the origin and meets the axes in A, B, C. Prove that the centroid of the triangle ABC lies on the sphere $9(x^2 + y^2 + z^2) = 4k^2$.
- 23. Find the condition for the equation

 $F(x,y,z)=ax^2+by^2+cz^2+2fyz+2gzx+2hxy+2ux+2vy+2wz+d=0$ to represent a cone.

24. Write the equation of the right circular cylinder with axis $\frac{x-\alpha}{l} = \frac{y-\beta}{m} = \frac{z-\gamma}{n}$ and radius of the guiding circle λ in detail.

B.Sc DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2019 II Year III Semester Three Dimensional Geometry

Time : 3 Hours

Max.marks :75

Section A $(10 \times 2 = 20)$ Marks

Answer any **TEN** questions

- 1. Find the angle between the planes 2x y + z = 6, x + y + 2z = 3.
- 2. Find the distance between the parallel planes 2x 2y z + 3 = 0 and 4x 4y + 2z + 5 = 0.
- 3. Find the point where the line $\frac{x-2}{2} = \frac{y-4}{-3} = \frac{z+6}{4}$ meets the plane 2x + 4y z 2 = 0.
- 4. Write the equation of a straight line passing through two given points?
- 5. Find the co-ordinates of the centre and radius of the sphere $2x^2 + 2y^2 + 2z^2 2x + 4y + 2z 15 = 0$
- 6. Define great circle?
- 7. Write the condition that the cone has three mutually perpendicular generators.
- 8. Show that the equation of a right circular cone whose vertex is O, axis OZ and Semi-vertical angle α is $x^2 + y^2 = z^2 tan^2 \alpha$
- 9. Write the definition of right circular cylinder.
- 10. Define axis of the cylinder?
- 11. Write the equation of a sphere passing through a given circle?
- 12. Define length of perpendicular from origin to the plane?

Section B $(5 \times 5 = 25)$ Marks

Answer any **FIVE** questions

- 13. Find the equation of the plane through the line of intersection of the planes x + y + z = 1, 2x + 3y + 4z 7 = 0 and perpendicular to the plane x 5y + 3z = 5.
- 14. Find the perpendicular distance from P(3, 9, -1) to the line $\frac{x+8}{-8} = \frac{y-31}{1} = \frac{z-13}{4}$.
- 15. Find the equation of the sphere having the circle $x^2+y^2+z^2-2x+4y-6z+7=0$, 2x-y+2z=5 for a great circle.

17UMACT3A06 UMA/CT/3A06

- 16. Write the intersection of a straight line and a quadric cone in detail.
- 17. Find the equation of the cylinder whose generators are parallel to the z axis and the guiding curve is $ax^2 + by^2 = cz$, lx + my + nz = p.
- 18. Find the equation of the plane passing through the points (2, -5, -3), (-2, -3, 5) and (5, 3, -3).
- 19. Find the equations of the image of the line $\frac{x-1}{2} = \frac{y+2}{-5} = \frac{z-3}{2}$ in the plane 2x 3y + 2z + 3 = 0.

Section C $(3 \times 10 = 30)$ Marks

Answer any **THREE** questions

- 20. Show that the origin lies in the acute angle between the planes x + 2y + 2z = 0, 4x 3y + 12z + 13 = 0. Find the planes bisecting the angles between them and point out which bisects the obtuse angle.
- 21. Prove that the lines $\frac{x+1}{-3} = \frac{y+10}{8} = \frac{z-1}{2}$; $\frac{x+3}{-4} = \frac{y+1}{7}$, $\frac{z-4}{1}$ are coplanar. Find also their point of intersection and the plane through them.
- 22. A sphere of constant radius k passes through the origin and meets the axes in A, B, C. Prove that the centroid of the triangle ABC lies on the sphere $9(x^2 + y^2 + z^2) = 4k^2$.
- 23. Find the condition for the equation

 $F(x,y,z)=ax^2+by^2+cz^2+2fyz+2gzx+2hxy+2ux+2vy+2wz+d=0$ to represent a cone.

24. Write the equation of the right circular cylinder with axis $\frac{x-\alpha}{l} = \frac{y-\beta}{m} = \frac{z-\gamma}{n}$ and radius of the guiding circle λ in detail.