

B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2019
I Year II Semester
Allied Mathematics - II

Time : 3 Hours

Max.marks :75

Section A ($10 \times 2 = 20$) Marks

Answer any **TEN** questions

1. Define countable set. Give an example.
2. If $f(x) = |x|$, and $g(x) = |5x - 2|$, find $f \circ g$ and $g \circ f$.
3. Find $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{3n^2 - 6n}{5n^2 + 4} \right)$.
4. Prove that the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{n} \right)$ is divergent.
5. State law of mean.
6. Verify Rolle's theorem for the function $f(x) = x^2 + 2$, $a = -2$ and $b = 2$.
7. Prove that $L[1] = \frac{1}{s}$.
8. Find $L[\cosh 4t]$.
9. Find the inverse Laplace transformation of $\frac{s}{(s+1)^2 + 4}$.
10. What is the value of $L^{-1}[f(s-a)]$.
11. Define Convergence series.
12. Find $L[e^{-3t} \cos 3t]$.

Section B ($5 \times 5 = 25$) Marks

Answer any **FIVE** questions

13. If $f : A \rightarrow B$ and if $X \subset A$, $Y \subset A$, then prove that $f(X \cup Y) = f(X) \cup f(Y)$.
14. Prove that if the sequence of real number $\{s_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$ is convergent, then $\{s_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$ is bounded.
15. State and prove Rolle's theorem.
16. Find $L[t^2 \cos 3t]$.
17. Find $L^{-1} \left[\frac{s+2}{(s^2 + 4s + 5)^2} \right]$.

18. Find the inverse Laplace transformation of $\log \left(\frac{s^2 + 1}{s(s + 1)} \right)$.
19. Prove that the set of all rational number is countable.

Section C ($3 \times 10 = 30$) Marks

Answer any **THREE** questions

20. Prove that the set $[0, 1] = \{x \in \mathbb{R} : 0 \leq x \leq 1\}$ is uncountable.
21. Prove that if $\{a_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$ is a sequence of positive number such that (a) $a_1 \geq a_2 \geq \dots a_n \geq a_{n+1} \geq \dots$ and (b) $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n = 0$, then alternating series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n+1} a_n$ is convergent.
22. State and prove Taylor's formula with the integral form of remainder.
23. Find (a) $L \left[\frac{e^{-3t} \sin 2t}{t} \right]$,
(b) If $L[f(t)] = F(s)$, then prove that $L[f(at)] = \frac{1}{a} F\left(\frac{s}{a}\right)$.
24. Find $L^{-1} \left[\frac{5s + 3}{(s - 1)(s^2 + 2s + 5)} \right]$.

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