

B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2019
II Year III Semester
Differential Equations and Laplace Transforms

Time : 3 Hours

Max.marks :75

Section A ($10 \times 2 = 20$) Marks

Answer any **TEN** questions

1. Solve $x^2p^2 + 3xyp + 2y^2 = 0$.
2. Write down the equation of Clairaut's form.
3. Solve $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 6\frac{dy}{dx} + 8y = 0$.
4. Find the particular integral of $(D^2 + 5D + 6)y = e^x$.
5. Eliminate a and b from $z = (x + a)(y + b)$ and form a partial differential equation.
6. Define Lagrange's equation.
7. Find $L(t^2 + 2t + 3)$.
8. Find $L^{-1}\left[\frac{1}{(s + a)^2}\right]$.
9. i) What is the value of $L[\cosh at]$?
ii) What is the value of $L[\sinh at]$?
10. i) What is the value of $L[t \sin at]$?
ii) What is the value of $L[t \cosh at]$?
11. Solve $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 3\frac{dy}{dx} + 5y = 0$
12. Form a partial differential equation by eliminating arbitrary constants a and b from $z = axy + b$.

Section B ($5 \times 5 = 25$) Marks

Answer any **FIVE** questions

13. Solve $xp^2 - 2yp + x = 0$.
14. Solve $\frac{d^4y}{dx^4} + 8\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 16y = 0$.
15. Solve $(y^2 + z^2)p - xyq = -xz$.
16. Find $L(t^2e^{-3t})$.

17. Solve $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 2\frac{dy}{dx} + y = e^{-x}$, using Laplace transforms, given that $y(0) = 0$, $y'(0) = 1$.
18. Eliminate the arbitrary functions f and ϕ from the relation
 $z = f(x + ay) + \phi(x - ay)$.
19. Solve $(D^2 + D + 1)y = x^2$.

Section C ($3 \times 10 = 30$) Marks

Answer any **THREE** questions

20. Solve $y = xp + x(1 + p^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}$.
21. Solve $(D^2 - 4D + 3)y = \sin 3x \cos 2x$.
22. Find the complete integral of $pq + qx = y$.
23. Find $L^{-1} \left[\frac{1}{(s+1)(s^2+2s+2)} \right]$.
24. Solve the equation $\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + 2\frac{dy}{dt} - 3y = \sin t$, given that $y = \frac{dy}{dt} = 0$, when $t = 0$.

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