

B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2020
II Year IV Semester
Allied Mathematics-II

Time : 3 Hours

Max.marks :75

Section A ($10 \times 2 = 20$) Marks

Answer any **TEN** questions

1. Find a_0 and a_n of the Fourier series for the function $f(x) = x$ in the interval $[-\pi, \pi]$.
2. Write the Bernoulli's formula.
3. Solve : $pq = n$.
4. Solve : $\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q} = x$.
5. Evaluate Laplace transform of $[(1 + t)^2]$.
6. Find the Laplace transforms of $\sin(2t + 3)$.
7. Find Inverse Laplace transform of $\left[\frac{s+3}{s^2-9} \right]$.
8. Find the inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{1}{(s+a)^2}$.
9. If $\phi = x^2y - 2y^2z^3$ find $\nabla\phi$ at the point $(1, -1, 1)$
10. Prove that $\text{grad}(\phi + \psi) = \text{grad}(\phi) + \text{grad}(\psi)$.
11. Define Solenoidal vector.
12. Form the PDE by eliminating arbitrary constants a and b from $z = ax + by + a^2 + b^2$.

Section B ($5 \times 5 = 25$) Marks

Answer any **FIVE** questions

13. Find the Fourier series for the function $f(x) = x^2$ in $-\pi \leq x \leq \pi$.
14. Eliminate the arbitrary function f from $f(xy + z^2, x + y + z) = 0$.
15. Evaluate Laplace transform of $[te^{-t} \sin t]$
16. Show that Inverse Laplace transform of $\left[\log \left(\frac{s+1}{s-1} \right) \right] = \frac{e^t - e^{-t}}{t}$
17. Find the directional derivative of $\phi = 4xz^2 + x^2yz$ at the point $(2, -1, 2)$ in the direction of $2\vec{i} + 3\vec{j} + 4\vec{k}$.
18. Show that $\vec{F} = (4xy - z^3)\vec{i} + 2x^2\vec{j} - 3xz^2\vec{k}$ is irrotational.
19. Solve : $p^2 + q^2 = x + y$.

Section C ($3 \times 10 = 30$) MarksAnswer any **THREE** questions

20. Find the Fourier series for the function $f(x) = x \sin x$ in $-\pi \leq x \leq \pi$
21. Solve : $(mz - ny) p + (nx - lz) q = ly - mx$.
22. Find a) Laplace transform of $\left[\frac{e^{at} - \cos bt}{t} \right]$, b) Laplace transform of $\left[\frac{e^{at} - e^{bt}}{t} \right]$.
23. Evaluate Inverse Laplace transform of $\left[\frac{5s + 3}{(s - 1)(s^2 + 2s + 5)} \right]$.
24. Verify the Green's theorem for $\int_c (3x^2 - 8y^2)dx + (4y - 6xy)dy$ where c is the boundary of the region R enclosed by the straight line $y = 0$, $x + y = 1$, $x = 0$.

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