SHRIMATHI DEVKUNVAR NANALAL BHATT VAISHNAV COLLEGE FOR WOMEN (AUTONOMOUS) (Affiliated to the University of Madras and Re-accredited with 'A+' Grade by NAAC) Chromepet, Chennai — 600 044. M.Sc. - END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS APRIL - 2022 SEMESTER - IV

17PAMCT4A11 - Differential Geometry and Tensor Calculus

Total Duration : 3 Hrs.

Total Marks : 60

Section A

Answer any **SIX** questions $(6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ Marks})$

- 1. Obtain the curvature and torsion of the curve of intersection of the two quadric surfaces $ax^2+by^2+cz^2 = 1$, $a'x^2+b'y^2+c'z^2 = 1$.
- 2. A helicoid is generated by the screw motion of a straight line skew to the axis. Find the curve coplanar with the axis which generates the same helicoid.
- 3. Prove that the curves of the family $v^3/u^2 = \text{constant}$ are geodesics on a surface with metric $v^2 du^2$ -2uv dudv+2u² dv² (u > 0, v > 0).
- 4. Prove that, if θ is the angle at the point (u, v) between the two directions given by the quadratic differential equation $Pdu^2+2Qdudv+Rdv^2 = 0$, then $\tan \theta = \frac{2H(Q^2 - PR)}{ER - 2FQ + GP}$.
- 5. Prove that if (λ, μ) is the geodesic curvature vector, then $\mathsf{K}_g = \frac{-H\lambda}{Fu'+Gv'} = \frac{H\mu}{Eu'+Fv'}$.
- 6. The sum (or difference) of two tensors which have the same number of covariant and the same number of Contravariant indices is again a tensor of the same type and rank as the given tensors.
- 7. If a_{ij} is a skew symmetric tensor and A^i is a covariant vector then prove that $a_{ij} = A^i A^j = 0$.
- 8. Show that $\frac{\partial g_{ij}}{\partial x^k} \frac{\partial g_{ik}}{\partial x^i} = [jk,i]-[ij,k].$

Section B

Part A

Answer any **TWO** questions $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ Marks})$

- 9. Prove that, on the general surface, a necessary and sufficient condition that the curve v = c be a geodesic is $EE_2 + FE_1 2EF_1 = 0$ when v = c, for all values of u.
- 10. State and prove Gauss Bonnet theorem .

- 11. If a transformation of coordinates T possesses an inverse T⁻¹ and if J and K are the Jacobians of T and T⁻¹ respectively then prove that JK=1.
- 12. State and prove Ricci's theorem.

Part B

Compulsory question $(1 \times 10 = 10 \text{ Marks})$

13. A helicoid is generated by the screw motion of a straight line which meets the axis at an angle α . Find the orthogonal trajectories of the generators. Find also the metric of the surface referred to the generators and their orthogonal trajectories as parametric curves.
