

SHRIMATHI DEVKUNVAR NANALAL BHATT VAISHNAV COLLEGE FOR WOMEN
(AUTONOMOUS)

(Affiliated to the University of Madras and Re-accredited with 'A+' Grade by NAAC)
Chromepet, Chennai — 600 044.

B.Sc. END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS APRIL-2022

SEMESTER - IV

20UMACT4007 - Vector Calculus and Fourier Transforms

Total Duration : 3 Hrs.

Total Marks : 60

Section A

Answer any **SIX** questions ($6 \times 5 = 30$ Marks)

1. Find the directional derivative of $xyz - xy^2 z^3$ at the point $(1,2,-1)$ in the direction of the vector $\hat{i} - \hat{j} - 3\hat{k}$.
2. If $\vec{F} = yz\vec{i} + zx\vec{j} - xy\vec{k}$, find $\int_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$ where C is given by $x = t, y = t^2, z = t^3$ from $P(0,0,0)$ to $Q(2,4,8)$.
3. Evaluate $\iiint_V \nabla \cdot \vec{F} dv$ if $\vec{F} = x^2\vec{i} + y^2\vec{j} + z^2\vec{k}$ and if V is the volume of the region enclosed by the cube $0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq 1, 0 \leq z \leq 1$.
4. Find the Fourier sine transform of $\frac{1}{x}$.
5. Use Parseval's identity to show that $\int_0^\infty \frac{1}{(x^2 + a^2)(x^2 + b^2)} dx = \frac{\pi}{2ab(a+b)}$.
6. Find the angle between the normal to the surface $xy - z^2 = 0$ at the points $(1,4,-2)$ and $(-3,-3,3)$.
7. Define (i) Surface integral and (ii) Volume integral.
8. Find the Fourier sine and cosine transform of $f(x) = x$.

Section B

Answer any **THREE** questions ($3 \times 10 = 30$ Marks)

9. If $\vec{F} = xy^2\vec{i} + 2x^2 yz\vec{j} - 3yz^2\vec{k}$ find $\text{div } \vec{F}$ and $\text{curl } \vec{F}$. What are these values at the point $(1,-1,1)$?
10. Verify Green's theorem in the plane for $\oint_C (xy + y^2) dx + x^2 dy$ where C is the closed curve of the region bounded by $y = x$ and $y = x^2$.
11. Evaluate $\iint_S (x^3\vec{i} + y^3\vec{j} + z^3\vec{k}) \cdot \vec{n} dS$ where S is the surface of the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 16$.
12. Find the Fourier cosine transform of $\frac{1}{1+x^2}$ and hence find the Fourier sine transform of $\frac{x}{1+x^2}$.
13. Find the Fourier transform of $f(x)$ if $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & -|x| < 1 \\ 0 & |x| > 1 \end{cases}$ Hence find the value of $\int_0^\infty \left(\frac{\sin t}{t}\right)^4 dt$.
