

SHRIMATHI DEVKUNVAR NANALAL BHATT VAISHNAV COLLEGE FOR WOMEN
(AUTONOMOUS)

(Affiliated to the University of Madras and Re-accredited with 'A+' Grade by NAAC)
Chromepet, Chennai — 600 044.

B.Sc. END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS APRIL-2022

SEMESTER - II

21UCGAT2002 - Numerical Methods

Total Duration : 3 Hrs.

Total Marks : 60

Section A

Answer any **SIX** questions ($6 \times 5 = 30$ Marks)

1. Explain the geometrical interpretation of bisection method for finding the root of algebraic equation $f(x)=0$.

2. Prove the following

$$E = 1 + \Delta$$

$$\nabla = 1 - E^{-1}$$

$$\delta = E^{\frac{1}{2}} - E^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

3. Using Newton's divided difference formula, find the value of $f(8)$ given the following table :

X	4	5	7	10	11	13
f(x)	48	100	294	900	1210	2028

4. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ at $x = 51$ from the following data

X	50	60	70	80	90
Y	19.96	36.65	58.81	77.21	94.61

5. Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y$, given $y(1) = 0$, and get $y(1.1)$, by Taylor's series method.
6. Using Newton's method, find the root lies between 0 and 1 of $x^3 = 6x - 4$ correct to 3 places of decimals.
7. Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 - y$, $y(0)=1$ using Euler's method. Find y at $x=0.1$ and $x=0.2$. Compare the result with results of the exact solution.
8. Evaluate $\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{1+x^2}$ using Trapezoidal rule with $h=0.2$.

Section B

Answer any **THREE** questions ($3 \times 10 = 30$ Marks)

9. Solve for a positive root of $x^3 - 4x + 1 = 0$ by Regula False method

Contd...

10. The population of a town is as follows.

Year X	1941	1951	1961	1971	1981	1991
Population in lakhs	20	24	29	36	46	51

Estimate the population increase during 1946 to 1976 , using Newton's interpolation formula

11. Use Lagrange's formula to fit a polynomial to the data

X	-1	0	2	3
y	-8	3	1	12

12. Evaluate $\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{1+x}$, using

- Trapezoidal rule.
- Simpson's one third rule.
- Simpson's three eight rule.
- Find the error in each method by comparing with the actual integration upto 4 places of decimals.

13. Using Runge-Kutta method of fourth order find $y(0.1)$, $y(0.2)$ and $y(0.3)$, given that $\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 + xy$; $y(0) = 2$.
