SHRIMATHI DEVKUNVAR NANALAL BHATT VAISHNAV COLLEGE FOR WOMEN (AUTONOMOUS) (Affiliated to the University of Madras and Re-accredited with 'A+' Grade by NAAC) Chromepet, Chennai — 600 044. B.Sc. - END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS APRIL-2023 SEMESTER - V 08UMACT5011 - Dynamics

Total Duration : 2 Hrs 30 Mins.

Total Marks : 60

Section B

Answer any **SIX** questions $(6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ Marks})$

- 1. The two ends of a train moving with constant acceleration pass a certain point with velocities u and v. Show that the velocity with which the middle point of the train passes the same point is $\sqrt{\frac{u^2 + v^2}{2}}$.
- 2. The greatest range down on the inclined plane is 3 times the greatest range uo on the inclined plane. Such that plane is inclined at 30 to the horizontal.
- 3. A ball overtakes another ball of m times its mass, which is moving with $\frac{1}{n}$ th of its velocity in the same directions. If the impact reduces the first ball to rest, prove that the coefficient of elasticity is $\frac{m+n}{m(n-1)}$.
- 4. State and prove the parallel axis theorem.
- 5. Show that the resultant motion of two simple harmonic motion of same period along two perpendicular lines is along an ellipse.
- 6. Find the velocity of the projectile at any time t, the time of flight, the horizontal range, and maximum height attained by the projectile.
- 7. Find the velocities of two smooth spheres after a direct impact between them.
- 8. Find the moment of inertia of a triangular lamina.

Section C

Answer any **THREE** questions $(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ Marks})$

9. The speed of a train increases at a constant rate α from O to V, and then remains constant for an interval and finally decreases to O at a constant rate β . If S is the total distance described prove that the total time T occupied is $T = \frac{s}{v} + \frac{v}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\alpha} + \frac{1}{\beta} \right).$

- 10. A particle executes a simple Harmonic motion has velocities v_1 and v_2 when its distances from the mean position O and d_1 and d_2 respectively. Find the amplitude, period and the velocity when its distance from O is $\frac{d_1 + d_2}{2}$.
- 11. Show that the path of a projectile is a parabola.
- 12. Obtain the differential equation of a central orbit in polar coordinates.
- 13. Find the Moment of inertia of elliptic lamina about its major axis.
