SHRIMATHI DEVKUNVAR NANALAL BHATT VAISHNAV COLLEGE FOR WOMEN (AUTONOMOUS) (Affiliated to the University of Madras and Re-accredited with 'A+' Grade by NAAC) Chromepet, Chennai — 600 044. M.Sc. END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS NOVEMBER - 2022 SEMESTER - I 22PPHCT1001 - Mathematical Physics

Total Duration : 2 Hrs 30 Mins.

Total Marks : 60

Section A

Answer any **SIX** questions $(6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ Marks})$

1. If 2 and 3 are the eigen values of A = $\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 10 & 5 \\ -2 & -3 & -4 \\ 3 & 5 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$

find the eigen values of A^{-1} and A^3 .

2. (a) If H is Hermitian matrix, then show that iH is skew-Hermitian
(b) If A is a Hermitian matrix, then show that B [†] AB is Hermitian for every matrix B.

3. Show that
$$nP_n = x \ \frac{dP_n}{dx}$$
 - $\frac{dP_{n-1}}{dx}$

4. Show that Taylor's series can be deduced to Maclaurin series for a function f(z).

5. Evaluate the integral
$$\oint_c \frac{dz}{z^2 + z}$$
 where C is a circle defined by $|z| = R > 1$.

- 6. Find $L^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{(s^2+a^2)^2}\right\}$
- 7. State and prove the convolution theorem of Fourier transforms.
- 8. Prove that the covering operations of an equilateral triangle form D3 group.

Section B

Part A

Answer any **TWO** questions $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ Marks})$

9. Diagonalize the following matrix by orthogonal transformation. A = $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$

- 10. Find the general solution of the equation $\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + k^2x = \varphi(t)$ where k is a real constant and $\varphi(t)$ is a given function.
- 11. Find the Fourier cosine and sine transforms of e^{-ax} ; a > 0 and hence deduce the inversion formula.
- 12. State and prove the great orthogonality theorem.

Part B

Compulsory question $(1 \times 10 = 10 \text{ Marks})$

13. Check whether the following functions are analytic. (i) $\log z$ (ii) z^{-1}
