

SHRIMATHI DEVKUNVAR NANALAL BHATT VAISHNAV COLLEGE FOR WOMEN
(AUTONOMOUS)

(Affiliated to the University of Madras and Re-accredited with 'A+' Grade by NAAC)
Chromepet, Chennai — 600 044.

M.Sc. END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS NOVEMBER-2022

SEMESTER - III

20PCHCT3007 - Organic Chemistry III

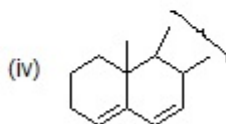
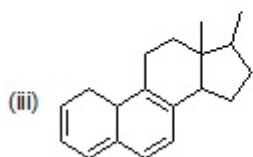
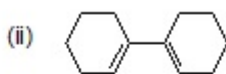
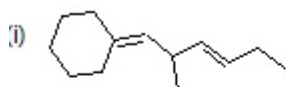
Total Duration : 2 Hrs 30 Mins.

Total Marks : 60

Section A

Answer any **SIX** questions ($6 \times 5 = 30$ Marks)

1. Calculate the approximate frequency of C-H stretching vibration from the following data:
 $k = 5 \times 10^5 \text{ g s}^{-2}$, mass of C atom = $20 \times 10^{-24} \text{ g s}^{-2}$, mass of H atom = $1.6 \times 10^{-24} \text{ g}$
2. Compare and contrast Raman and FT-IR spectroscopy.
3. Apply Woodward Fieser rules and calculate the absorption for the following compounds.



4. NMR spectrum is simplified by spin-spin decoupling and nuclear overhauser effect- Explain.
5. Illustrate with proper justification the expected chemical shifts for different carbons with the help of ^{13}C NMR.
6. Discuss in detail about ^{13}C NMR relaxation mechanisms.
7. Mass spectrum of a volatile organic liquid with fruity smell shows peaks at m/z 77, 105 and 136. Identify the fragments and propose the structure of the compound.
8. Examine Mc-Lafferty rearrangement by giving suitable examples.

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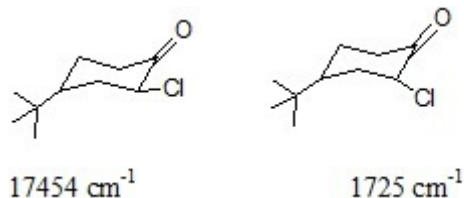
Section B

Part A

Answer any **TWO** questions ($2 \times 10 = 20$ Marks)

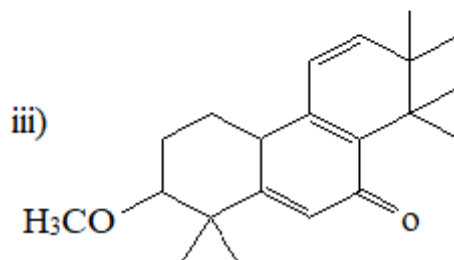
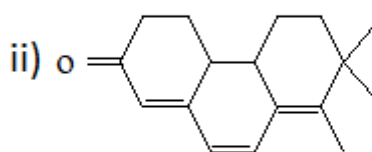
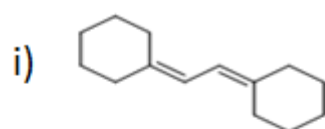
9. Interpret the following

i) IR stretching frequencies of C=O bonds are different for the following compounds.



ii) α - halogenated benzoic acids show two carbonyl stretching frequencies.

10. Predict λ_{max} for the following compounds using Woodward Fieser rule.



11. Infer the factors affecting chemical shift in ^{13}C NMR spectroscopy.

12. Examine the general mode of fragmentation of esters.

Part B

Compulsory question ($1 \times 10 = 10$ Marks)

13. A compound with molecular weight 116 gave the following spectral information:

(i) UV: 283 $\text{m}\mu$ ϵ_{max} 22.

(ii) IR : 3000-2500 (*b*), 1715 (*s*), 1342 cm^{-1} (*w*).

(iii) NMR : 7.88 τ Singlet (3H), 7.40 τ Triplet (2H), 7.75 τ Triplet (2H) and -1.1τ singlet (1H).

Determine the structural formula of the compound.

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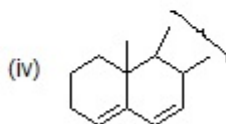
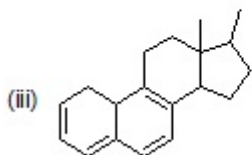
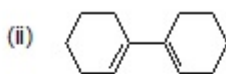
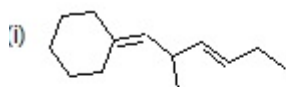
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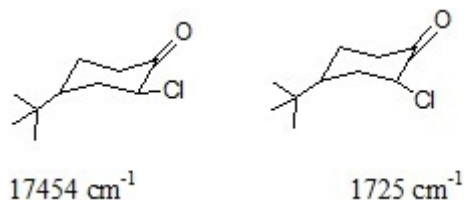
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Part A

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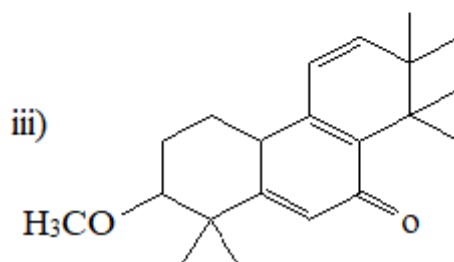
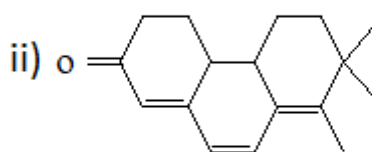
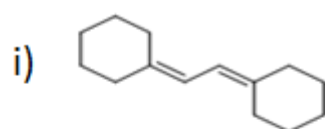
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