SHRIMATHI DEVKUNVAR NANALAL BHATT VAISHNAV COLLEGE FOR WOMEN (AUTONOMOUS) (Affiliated to the University of Madras and Re-accredited with 'A+' Grade by NAAC) Chromepet, Chennai — 600 044. B.Sc.(Maths) END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS NOVEMBER -2023 SEMESTER - IV

20UMAAT4004 - Mathematical Statistics-II

Total Duration : 2 Hrs 30 Mins.

Total Marks : 60

Section B

Answer any **SIX** questions $(6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ Marks})$

- 1. Find the Moment Generating Function of Chi-Square Distribution
- 2. State and Prove Rao-Blackwell theorem.
- 3. Find the maximum likelihood estimate for the parameters λ of a Poisson Distribution on the basis of a sample size n. Also find its Variance
- 4. Outline the Procedure for testing of Hypothesis problem in a systematic manner.
- 5. Prove that if $n_1 = n_2$, the median of F-distribution is at F=1 and that the quartiles Q_1 and Q_3 satisfy the condition $Q_1Q_3 = 1$
- 6. For a Chi-Square distribution with n degrees of freedom, establish the recurrence relation between the moments. Also find β_1 and β_2 .
- 7. State and Prove Invariance Property of Consistent Estimators.
- 8. Obtain $100(1-\alpha)$ % confidence limits(for large samples) for the parameter λ of the Poisson Distribution.

Section C

Answer any **THREE** questions $(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ Marks})$

- 9. Derive Probability Density function of Chi- Square distribution.
- 10. State and Prove Cramer-Rao Inequality.
- 11. List the commonly used methods of Estimation. Also discuss about the Maximum Likelihood Estimator assumptions which is also known as the Regularity Conditions.
- 12. Explain in detail:
 - i). Null and Alternative Hypotheses
 - ii). Errors in Sampling
 - iii). Critical Region and Level of Significance
 - iv). One-tailed and Two-tailed tests
 - v). Critical values or Significant Values

Contd...

13. If the random variables X₁ and X₂ are independent and follow Chi-Square distribution with n degrees of freedom, Deduce that $\sqrt{n(X_1 - X_2)/2\sqrt{X_1X_2}}$ is distributed as Student's t with n degrees of freedom independently of X₁ + X₂.
