

SHRIMATHI DEVKUNVAR NANALAL BHATT VAISHNAV COLLEGE FOR WOMEN  
(AUTONOMOUS)

(Affiliated to the University of Madras and Re-accredited with 'A+' Grade by NAAC)  
Chromepet, Chennai - 600 044.

M.Sc. Appl. Maths - END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS APRIL - 2024

SEMESTER - III

**20PAMCT3007 - Complex Analysis**

Total Duration : 2 Hrs. 30 Mins.

Total Marks : 60

**Section B**

Answer any **SIX** questions ( $6 \times 5 = 30$  Marks)

1. State and prove Fundamental theorem of algebra.
2. If  $G$  is simply connected and  $f : G \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$  is analytic in  $G$  then prove that  $f$  has a primitive in  $G$ .
3. State and prove Schwarz's lemma.
4. Prove that, If  $|z| \leq 1$  and  $p \geq 0$  then  $|1 - E_p(z)| \leq |z|^{p+1}$
5. State and prove Weierstrass factorization theorem.
6. Show that, If  $G$  is a bounded Dirichlet region then for each 'a' in  $G$  there is a Green's function on  $G$  with singularity at  $a$ .
7. Let  $f$  be an entire function of finite order  $\lambda$  where  $\lambda$  is not an integer; then prove that  $f$  has infinitely many zeros.
8. Prove that, If  $f$  is an entire function that omits two values then  $f$  is a constant.

**Section C**

I - Answer any **TWO** questions ( $2 \times 10 = 20$  Marks)

9. If  $f$  has an isolated singularity at 'a' then prove that the point  $z = a$  is a removable singularity iff  $\lim_{z \rightarrow a} (z - a) f(z) = 0$
10. Let  $f$  be a function defined on  $(0, \infty)$  such that  $f(x) > 0$  for all  $x > 0$ . Suppose that  $f$  has the following properties:
  - (a)  $\log f(x)$  is a convex function
  - (b)  $f(x+1) = xf(x)$  for all  $x$
  - (c)  $f(1) = 1$
 Then  $f(x) = \Gamma(x)$  for all  $x$ .
11. State and prove Harnack's theorem.

**Contd...**

12. For each  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$ ,  $0 < \alpha < \infty$  and  $0 \leq \beta \leq 1$ , there is a constant  $C(\alpha, \beta)$  such that if  $f$  is an analytic function on some simply connected region containing  $\overline{B}(0;1)$  that omits the values 0 and 1, and such that  $|f(0)| \leq \alpha$ ; then  $|f(z)| \leq C(\alpha, \beta)$  for  $|z| \leq \beta$ .

II - Compulsory question ( $1 \times 10 = 10$  Marks)

13. State and prove Morera's Theorem.

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