

SHRIMATHI DEVKUNVAR NANALAL BHATT VAISHNAV COLLEGE FOR WOMEN
(AUTONOMOUS)

(Affiliated to the University of Madras and Re-accredited with 'A+' Grade by NAAC)

Chromepet, Chennai - 600 044.

B.Sc.Mathematics - END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS - NOV'2024

SEMESTER - IV

20UMACT4007 - Vector Calculus and Fourier Transforms

Total Duration : 2 Hrs.30 Mins.

Total Marks : 60

Section B

Answer any **SIX** questions ($6 \times 5 = 30$ Marks)

- Find the directional derivative of $f(x, y) = x^2y^3 + xy$ at $(2, 1)$ in the direction of a unit vector which makes an angle of $\pi/3$ with x-axis.
- Verify Stokes theorem for $\vec{F} = (x^2 + y^2)\vec{i} - 2xy\vec{j}$ taken around the rectangle bounded by the lines $x = a$, $y = 0$, $y = b$.
- State and prove convolution theorem for Fourier transform.
- Find the Fourier transform of $f(x)$ if

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & |x| < a; \\ 0, & |x| > a > 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\text{Deduce that } \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin t}{t} dt = \frac{\pi}{2}.$$

- Evaluate $\iint_S \vec{F} \cdot \vec{n} \, ds$ where $\vec{F} = yz\vec{i} + zx\vec{j} + xy\vec{k}$ and S is the part of the surface of the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$ which lies in the first octant.
- Using divergence theorem of Gauss evaluate $\int_S \vec{F} \cdot \vec{n} \, ds$ where $\vec{F} = x^3\vec{i} + y^3\vec{j} + z^3\vec{k}$ and S is the surface of the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2$.
- Find the fourier transform of $f(x) = xe^{-x^2/2}$.
- Find the Fourier sine and cosine transform of e^{-ax} ($a > 0$).

Section C

Answer any **THREE** questions ($3 \times 10 = 30$ Marks)

- Prove that $\vec{f} = (2x + yz)\vec{i} + (4y + xz)\vec{j} - (6z - xy)\vec{k}$ is solenoidal as well as irrotational. Also, find the scalar potential of \vec{f} .

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10. Verify Green's theorem in a plane for the integral $\int_C (x - 2y)dx + xdy$ taken around the circle $C : x^2 + y^2 = 1$.

11. Let V be the solid region between the paraboloid $z = 4 - x^2 - y^2$ and the xy plane. Verify the divergence theorem for $\vec{F} = 2z\vec{i} + x\vec{j} + y^2\vec{k}$.

12. Show that the Fourier transform of $f(x) = \begin{cases} a^2 - x^2, & |x| < a \\ 0, & |x| > a \end{cases}$

is $2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \left(\frac{\sin as - as \cos as}{s^3} \right)$ and hence deduce $\int_0^\infty \frac{\sin t - t \cos t}{t^3} dt = \frac{\pi}{4}$.

13. Solve the integral equation $\int_0^\infty f(x) \cos sx \, dx = se^{-x}$.
