SHRIMATHI DEVKUNVAR NANALAL BHATT VAISHNAV COLLEGE FOR WOMEN (AUTONOMOUS) (Affiliated to the University of Madras and Re-accredited with 'A+' Grade by NAAC) Chromepet, Chennai - 600 044. B.Sc.Psychology - END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS - NOV'2024 SEMESTER - V 21UPCCT5007 - Abnormal Psychology - I

Total Duration : 2 Hrs.30 Mins.

Total Marks : 60

Section B

Answer any **SIX** questions $(6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ Marks})$

- 1. Define abnormal behavior. Explain how necessary and predisposing causes contribute to the development of abnormal behavior.
- 2. Discuss the clinical picture and causal factors of Attention-Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD). What are the challenges in managing ADHD in school-aged children?
- 3. Analyze the psychodynamic model of abnormal behavior. How does this model explain the development of mental health disorders?
- 4. Elaborate the characteristic features of humanistic model of abnormality.
- 5. Enumerate the causes of panic disorders.
- 6. Evaluate the causal factors of Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD). How can early intervention strategies impact outcomes for children with ASD?
- 7. Explain the treatment options available for Generalized Anxiety Disorder (GAD). What are the potential benefits and limitations of pharmacological treatment for GAD?
- 8. Outline the treatment of illness anxiety disorder.

Section C

Answer any **THREE** questions $(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ Marks})$

- 9. Describe the historical views of abnormal behavior.
- 10. Analyze the cognitive model of abnormality. What are the implications of this model for understanding and treating anxiety-related disorders?
- 11. Discuss the various causal factors of Conduct Disorder, including genetic, environmental, and psychological influences. How do these factors interact to shape the development of the disorder?

- 12. Critically discuss the causal factors and treatment options for Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD). What are the key elements of an effective therapeutic intervention for PTSD?
- 13. Create a treatment plan for a client diagnosed with Dissociative Identity Disorder (DID). How can a multidisciplinary approach improve outcomes for individuals with DID?
